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RESEARCH AND COMMUNICATIONS

2009 Joyce Foundation Illinois Survey

Interviewing conducted January 5 to 11, 2009. N = 802 adults in Illinois Margin of sampling error is ± 3.5 percentage points. The data have been weighted by gender, age and race.

2008: April 21 to May 4, 2008; N = 402 adults (MoE ± 4.9). 2006: June 14 to July 6, 2006; N = 408 adults (MoE ± 4.9).

Percents may add to 99% or 101% due to rounding. * indicates less than 1%; -- indicates zero.

Hello, my name is _____ and I am an interviewer with BRS - an opinion research firm. We are conducting a public opinion survey in Illinois and your telephone number was selected at random. We are not selling anything. May I please speak to the person 18 years old or older in your household who had a birthday most recently? (IF NECESSARY ARRANGE FOR A CALL BACK AND RECORD DATE AND TIME. REPEAT INTRO AS NECESSARY)

1. In general, are things in Illinois going in the right direction, or are they off on the wrong track?			2009 2008 2006	Right direction 18% 27% 43%	Wrong track 78 68 42	DK/ REF 4 5 15
2. How would you rate the job that the Illinois state legislature is doing a good job, a fair job, or a poor job?		2009 2008 2006	Good job 8% 17% 26%	Fair job 41 52 49	Poor job 49 26 16	DK/ REF 2 5 9
3. How much of the time do you think you can trust the government in Illinois to do what is right: almost always, most of the time, only some of the time, or almost never?	2009 2008 2006	Almost always 3% 3% 7%	Most of time 16 20 27	Some of time 52 52 50	Almost never 29 25 14	DK/ REF * 2

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On a scale of one to ten where ten means extremely concerned and one means not concerned at all, how concerned are you personally about each of the following issues in your state: [RANDOMIZE Q4-Q12]

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	DK/ REF
4. The economy in Illinois	2009	3%	*	1	2	6	5	8	13	12	50	
	2008	2%	1	1	2	8	5	9	16	10	45	*
	2006	2%	2	3	4	11	6	11	16	9	34	1
5. Health care in Illinois	2009	3%	1	4	3	11	7	10	15	7	38	1
	2008	3%	2	2	4	12	5	9	12	11	41	*
	2006	3%	2	2	2	10	5	10	12	9	45	2
6. Corruption in state	2009	3%	1	1	*	4	3	6	10	10	61	*
government	2008	2%	2	3	1	8	8	9	11	8	49	*
0	2006	4%	2	3	2	7	5	9	14	9	43	2
7. State taxes	2009	3%	1	2	2	12	8	8	13	8	41	1
	2008	3%	2	5	4	11	5	11	13	11	37	
	2006	3%	2	3	3	15	8	8	12	7	38	*
8. Public schools in Illinois	2009	4%	2	2	4	10	9	9	14	9	36	*
	2008	3%	2	2	3	10	5	9	13	10	42	1
	2006	2%	2	2	3	10	6	9	13	8	44	1
9. The influence of money	2009	3%	1	1	2	5	3	8	13	10	54	1
in state politics	2008	2%	2	2	2	6	4	9	15	11	46	*
-	2006	2%	3	2	2	9	6	9	15	7	44	1
10. Gas prices	2009	6%	4	5	4	14	8	9	13	7	29	*
-	2008	2%	1	1	1	3	3	3	9	7	68	*
	2006	4%	2	*	1	5	2	8	8	7	60	1
11. Jobs in Illinois	2009	3%	1	2	2	8	6	8	15	10	45	*
-	2008	3%	1	3	3	10	6	9	17	10	39	*
	2006	2%	1	2	4	12	7	10	18	8	35	1
12. The state budget	2009	2%	1	1	1	8	5	11	14	10	46	*

13. Do you think Governor Blagojevich'sSialleged behavior is an unusual and extremeSicase of corruption or do you think this type ofSibehavior is common among public officials inSiIllinois? (WAIT FOR RESPONSE) Do youDbelieve this strongly or somewhat?Si

Strongly Unusual & Extreme	23%
Somewhat Unusual & Extreme	16
Somewhat Common	20
Strongly Common	38
DK/ REF	3

Please tell me whether each of the following would make a big difference, some difference, not much difference, or no difference at all in making state government work better. [RANDOMIZE 15-22]

	A big diff.	Some diff.	Not much diff.	No diff.	DK/REF
15. Use tax dollars to provide state candidates with public funds to run their campaigns in exchange for agreeing not to accept money from special interests and to limit their campaign spending.	36%	35	13	14	1
16. Require lobbyists to fully disclose their clients, what issues they are working on, and the money they spend lobbying lawmakers.	51%	32	8	8	1
17. Pass tougher campaign finance laws that limit the amount of money individuals can give to political candidates and political parties.	40%	34	12	14	*
18. Pass tougher campaign finance laws that ban contributions by corporations to candidates and political parties.	43%	35	13	8	1
19. Pass tougher campaign finance laws that ban contributions by unions to candidates and political parties.	37%	39	12	11	1
20. Require judges to step aside in cases in which either the lawyers or the parties involved in the case have contributed to their election campaigns.	48%	34	8	9	1
21. Public financing for election of judges – that is letting judges use tax dollars to finance their campaigns rather than asking for contributions from lawyers and special interest groups.	34%	36	14	14	1
22. Right-to-know laws that give the public more access to state government decisions on spending and programs.	47%	38	7	6	1

23. Would you support or oppose the creation	Strongly support	41%
of a new state agency to vigorously enforce	Somewhat support	25
Illinois's campaign finance laws? (WAIT FOR	Somewhat oppose	15
RESPONSE) Do you (support/oppose) that	Strongly oppose	17
strongly or somewhat?	DK/ REF	3
24. Would you support or oppose a law limiting the amount of campaign money Republican and Democratic leaders of the legislature are allowed to contribute to other legislative candidates? (WAIT FOR RESPONSE) Do you (support/oppose) that strongly or somewhat?	Strongly support Somewhat support Somewhat oppose Strongly oppose DK/ REF	42% 29 15 12 2
25. Would you support or oppose state	Strongly support	42%
government spending more taxpayer dollars on	Somewhat support	23
stronger enforcement of laws to keep money	Somewhat oppose	15
out of politics? (WAIT FOR RESPONSE) Is that	Strongly oppose	16
strongly or somewhat (support/oppose)?	DK/ REF	1

Please tell me if you agree or disagree with each of the following statements. Is that strongly or somewhat [agree/disagree]? [RANDOMIZE 26-30]

	0 -	Strngly agree	Smwht agree	Smwht disagree	Strngly disagree	DK/ REF
26. Corruption in government	2009	18%	15	18	49	1
will always be a problem, so	2008	18%	15	18	49	*
trying to fix it will not make much difference.	2006	20%	18	19	41	1
27. Money will always influence	2009	23%	18	22	35	2
government decisions, so it is not	2008	27%	14	19	39	1
worth trying to reduce the amount of money in politics.	2006	26%	20	16	35	3
28. Unless we limit the influence	2009	42 %	26	17	14	2
of money in government, elected	2008	46%	29	16	9	*
officials will not be able to keep their promises on issues that are important to people like me.	2006	45%	28	15	9	3
29. Candidates that could represent me do not run for office because they cannot raise the money needed to win.	2009	36%	19	24	18	2
30. State government does not	2009	11%	10	19	59	*
have much impact on my life.	2008	9%	11	17	64	*
1 2	2006	11%	11	23	52	2

BASE: REGISTERED VOTERS; N=732 31. If your state representative repeatedly suppor legislation to reduce the influence of money in politics, how important would that be to you in deciding to vote to re-elect your legislator – very, somewhat, not very or not at all important?	Very important Somewhat important Not very important Not at all important DK/ REF	50% 39 6 4 *
D1. What was the last grade of school you completed?	<hs HS Grad Some/ tech coll. 4-yr coll. grad Post-grad work or degree DK/REF</hs 	4% 25 27 29 15 *
D2. Which of the following best describes the place where you live: a large city, a small city, a suburb of a city, a small town, or a rural area?	Large city Small city Suburb Small town Rural area DK/ REF	26% 11 39 14 10 *
BASE: COUNTY = COOK; N=337 D2a. Do you live in the city of Chicago or outside of the city?	In Chicago Outside the City DK/REF	22% 22 *
D3. Are you registered to vote at your current address?	Yes No DK/REF	89% 11 *
D4. In terms of your political outlook, do you usually think of yourself as: [READ LIST; REVERSE ORDER]	Very liberal Somewhat liberal Middle of the road Somewhat conservative Very conservative DK/ REF	12% 18 32 25 11 1
D5. Do you consider yourself to be [ROTATE: a Democrat, a Republican], an independent, or something else?	Democrat Republican Independent Something else DK/REF	42% 24 24 6 4

D6. In what year were you born? Are you between:	18-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60+ DK/ REF	22% 19 21 16 21 1
D7 and D8. Are you of Hispanic or Latino descent? Would you say you are white, black or African American, Asian or Pacific Islander, or something else?	White Black or African-American Hispanic/Latino Asian Other DK/ REF	69% 13 11 2 1 3
D9. Stop me when I come to the category in which your total HOUSEHOLD income fell before taxes last year. Your best estimate is fine.	<\$25K \$25-50K \$50-75K \$75-100K \$100K+ DK/ REF	13% 23 18 17 20 10
GENDER	Male Female	48% 52
ILLINOIS REGION (See county-region breakdown on following page)	Chicago Chicago Suburbs Northwest Illinois Central Illinois South Illinois	22% 49 11 10 8

	Chicago	Northwest		
Chicago	Suburbs	Illinois	Central Illinois	South Illinois
City of Chicago-	Suburban Cook	Boone	Adams	Alexander
- Cook	DuPage	Bureau	Brown	Bond
	Kane	Carroll	Calhoun	Clay
	Kendall	DeKalb	Cass	Clinton
	Lake	Fulton	Champaign	Edwards
	McHenry	Grundy	Christian	Fayette
	Will	Hancock	Clark	Franklin
		Henderson	Coles	Gallatin
		Henry	Crawford	Hamilton
		Jo Daviess	Cumberland	Hardin
		Knox	De Witt	Jackson
		LaSalle	Douglas	Jefferson
		Lee	Edgar	Johnson
		Marshall	Effingham	Lawrence
		McDonough	Ford	Madison
		Mercer	Greene	Marion
		Ogle	Iroquois	Massac
		Peoria	Jasper	Monroe
		Putnam	Jersey	Perry
		Rock Island	Kankakee	Pope
		Stark	Livingston	Pulaski
		Stephenson	Logan	Randolph
		Tazewell	Macon	Richland
		Warren	Macoupin	Saline
		Whiteside	Mason	St. Clair
		Winnebago	McLean	Union
		Woodford	Menard	Wabash
			Montgomery	Washington
			Morgan	Wayne
			Moultrie	White
			Piatt	Williamson
			Pike	
			Sangamon	
			Schuyler	
			Scott	
			Shelby	
			Vermilion	

The regions include the following Illinois counties: